§ 3832.22

be extracted as the primary valuable mineral.

(4) Building stone deposits must by law be located as placer mining claims (30 U.S.C. 161). If you have located a building stone placer claim, the lands on which you located the claim must be chiefly valuable for mining building stone.

§ 3832.22 How much land may I include in my mining claim?

- (a) Lode claims. Lode claims must not exceed 1,500 by 600 feet. If there is a vein, lode, or ledge, each lode claim is limited to a maximum of 1,500 feet along the course of the vein, lode, or ledge and a maximum of 300 feet in width on each side of the middle of the vein, lode, or ledge.
- (b) *Placer claims*. (1) An individual placer claim may not exceed 20 acres in size.
- (2) An association placer claim may not exceed 160 acres. Within the association, each person or business entity may locate up to 20 acres. To obtain the full 160 acres, the association must consist of at least eight co-locators. You may locate smaller association claims. Thus, three co-locators may jointly locate an association placer claim no larger than 60 acres. You may not use the names of other persons as dummy locators (fictitious locators) to locate an association placer claim for your own benefit.

Subpart C—Mill Sites

§ 3832.30 Mill sites.

§ 3832.31 What is a mill site?

A mill site is a location of nonmineral land not contiguous to a vein or lode that you can use for activities reasonably incident to mineral development on, or production from, the unpatented or patented lode or placer claim with which it is associated.

- (a) A dependent mill site is used for activities that support a particular patented or unpatented lode or placer mining claim or group of mining claims.
- (b) An independent or custom mill site—
- (1) Is not dependent on a particular mining claim but provides milling or

reduction processing for nearby lode mines or a lode mining district;

- (2) Is used to mill, process, and reduce either—
- (i) Ores for other miners on a contractual basis; or
- (ii) Ores that are purchased by the independent or custom mill site owner.
- (3) You may not have a custom or independent mill site for processing materials from placer mining claims.

§ 3832.32 How much land may I include in my mill site?

The maximum size of an individual mill site is 5 acres. You may locate more than one mill site per mining claim if you use each site for at least one of the purposes described in §3832.34 of this part. You may locate only that amount of mill site acreage that is reasonably necessary to be used or occupied for efficient and reasonably compact mining or milling operations.

§3832.33 How do I locate a mill site?

- (a) You may locate a mill site in the same manner as a lode or placer mining claim, except that—
- (1) It must be on land that is not mineral-in-character; and
- (2) You must use or occupy each two and a half acre portion of a mill site in order for that portion of the mill site to be valid.
- (b) If the United States does not own the surface estate of a particular parcel of land, you may not locate a mill site on that land under the General Mining Law or the Stockraising Homestead Act (see part 3838 of this chapter).

§ 3832.34 How may I use my mill site?

- (a) Upon obtaining authorization under the surface management regulations of the surface managing agency, you may use and occupy dependent mill sites for:
- (1) Placement of grinding, crushing, or milling facilities (such as rod and ball mills, cone crushers, and floatation cells) and reduction facilities (such as smelting, electro-winning, roasters, autoclaves, and leachate recovery);
- (2) Mine administrative and support buildings, warehouses and maintenance buildings, electrical plants and substations;